5/4/87 S6430-2

Oklahoma Labor Market Information

Oklahoma Employment Security Commission — January 1987 Data

SELECTED INDICATORS -- JANUARY
(unadjusted)

NATION

Employment, total -- down 1.4%
Unemployment -- up 0.9%
Unemployment rate -- 6.7%
Manufacturing avg. wage -- $9.83
Manufacturing avg. hours -- 40.9

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)
All urban consumers -- 333.1

OKLAHOMA

Employment, total -- down 1.8%
Unemployment -- up 5.0%
Unemployment rate -- 8.4%
Manufacturing avg. wage -- $9.89
Manufacturing avg. hours -- 40.1

THE "OKLAHOMA LABOR MARKET INFORMATION" IS PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF THE OKLAHOMA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION

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EMPLOYMENT DROPS - RATE CLIMBS

Total employment in Oklahoma, based on the latest Department of Labor survey, fell seasonally to 1,431,300 in January. This is 26,500 below the revised December estimate and 20,100 lower than the January, 1986 estimate.

The seasonal decline in employment, combined with an increase of 6,300 in the number of jobless workers, resulted in a rise in the statewide unemployment rate to a current level of 8.4 compared to 7.9 in December.

On an annual bases, the current level of unemployment is 17,100 above the January, 1986 estimate and the unemployment rate is up by more than one percent.

PAYROLL JOBS DECLINE SEASONALLY

Nonfarm wage and salary employment, based on the latest survey totaled 1,127,500 in January, off 15,300 from the previous month. Most of the loss occurred in the wholesale and retail trade industry as seasonal sales reductions accounted for a large proportion of the total 6,500 drop in jobs. The next largest cutback took place in government, where an estimated 5,100 jobs were eliminated, primarily at the state level. The service industry, led by declines in educational services, counted 2,500 fewer employees this month. Jobs in manufacturing were off 1,600 - centered mainly in firms that produced nondurable goods. The record snowfall in January contributed to a contraction of 1,500 in the construction industry. Slight declines were also recorded in transportation - public utilities and finance- insurance and real estate. With energy prices stabilizing, and in some areas rising, the mining industry went contrary to the trend and added 200 jobs during the month.

Over the year, wage and salary jobs declined in six industries and expanded in two. In total, employment was down 21,900 with most of the loss occurring in mining and manufacturing. Declines in these components were 8,400 and 10300 respectively. Construction jobs declined 1900 during the year, while trade was off 1,700.

(Continued on page 2)

payroll cont'd

Transportation - public utilities was down 1,300 and 800 fewer jobs were counted in the finance, insurance and real estate industry Two industries, service and government, showed employment gains over the year. The most significant occurred in service where 2100 workers were added primarily in the health and personal service fields. Minor additions at the federal and local level led to an increase of 400 in total government.

MANUFACTURING WAGES SLIP

The 110,800 manufacturing production workers in Oklahoma averaged an $18.00 drop in their average weekly pay over the one month period. Although the hourly wage rate in January was identical to the previous month, the work period was shortened by 1.8 hours. Within the manufacturing division, durable goods workers lost $22.00 per week on the average while those in nondurable production slipped $13.00. The widest swing among durables occurred in machinery (except electrical) where earnings dropped almost $47.00 and in electrical - electronic, off $40.00. In both cases, the major influence was a shorter work schedule. The most visible change in nondurables was the $21.00 decrease in food and kindred products, caused primarily by a 57 cent reduction in the hourly wage rate.

Over the year, a decrease of 15 cents in the hourly wage and a shorter work week reduced the average paycheck of manufacturing production workers by almost $20.00.

Among the five nonmanufacturing industries surveyed, the oil and gas extraction workers as well as the communication - electric workers showed increased earnings over the month and over the year. The remaining three industries showed average declines over both periods.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES MOVE UP

In general, seasonal influences caused the unemployment rates in most of Oklahoma's counties and Metropolitan Statistical Areas to move upward from December to January. During this time span, 70 counties measured higher jobless rates, 6 were lower and one remained unchanged. Of the four Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's), only Lawton registered a decline. Among the counties, Ottawa had the highest rate at 22.3 and Woods the lowest at 3.8.

Over the year, the jobless rate increased in 63 counties, declined in 12 and remained unchanged in 2 others. All MSA's are currently experiencing higher rates than one year earlier.

UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS DROP

Statewide, the number of average weekly insured claims for the week surveyed in January was 1045 lower than a corresponding week in December, an improvement of 3.4%

Comparison of claims by industry revels a similar pattern of changes to those of last month. Claims among those workers formerly employed in mining and manufacturing declined by 15.3 and 7 percent respectively while construction related claims were up by 10.4 percent.

When the claimants are listed by occupational categories, improvements are noted in the number formerly employed in professional and managerial, clerical and sales, and services. In contrast, claimants that listed former work in structural and benchwork jobs increased in number over the month.

Total average weekly claims are now only slightly above the level of last January. By industry classification, four have improved and four have regressed. Construction presents the most progress while claims from trade, government and other shows the most slippage.

RESIDENT OKLAHOMA LABOR FORCE
SUMMARY TABLE

ITEM	NUMBER (In Thousands) Jan 1986p	Dec 1986r	Jan 1985r	Percent Change Dec 86 Jan 87	Absolute Change Dec 86 Jan 87	Jan 86 Jan 87
TOTAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE *.....	1,562.9	1,583.1	1,565.9	-1.3	-20.2	-3.0
Unemployment.....	131.6	125.3	114.5	5.0	6.3	17.1
Unemployment Rate.....	8.4	7.9	7.3	xxx	xxx	xxx
Unemployment Rate (Seas. Adj.)...	8.0	8.2	6.9	xxx	xxx	xxx
Total Employment.....	1,431.3	1,457.8	1,451.4	-1.8	-26.5	-20.1
Agriculture.....	30.5	32.7	47.2	-6.7	-2.2	-16.7
Domestic Service,Self-Employed & Unpaid Family Workers.....	137.3	141.3	137.8	-2.8	-4.0	-0.5
Idled by Labor Disputes.....	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

* Includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older. Data are adjusted for multiple job holding and commuting.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
(BY PLACE OF WORK)

INDUSTRY	Jan 1987p	Dec 1986r	Jan 1986r	Dec 86 Jan 87	Dec 86 Jan 87	Jan 86 Jan 87
WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS, TOTAL *....1,127.5		1,142.8	1,149.4	-1.3	-15.3	-21.9
Manufacturing.....	157.9	159.5	168.2	-1.0	-1.6	-10.3
Durable Goods.....	97.9	98.0	106.4	-0.1	-0.1	-8.5
Lumber and Wood Products.....	2.5	2.5	2.6	0.0	0.0	-0.1
Stone,Clay & Glass Products.....	10.4	10.3	10.7	1.0	0.1	-0.3
Primary Metal Industries.....	4.1	4.0	4.1	2.5	0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products.....	14.5	14.6	16.5	-0.7	-0.1	-2.0
Fab. Structural Metal Products.	7.2	7.2	8.5	0.0	0.0	-1.3
Machinery Exc. Electrical.....	31.0	30.9	35.7	0.3	0.1	-4.7
Construction & Related Mach....	9.5	9.4	12.5	1.1	0.1	-3.0
Oil Field Machinery.....	5.5	5.4	8.2	1.9	0.1	-2.7
General Industrial Machinery...	5.5	5.5	6.2	0.0	0.0	-0.7
Electrical and Electronic Equip.	9.1	9.2	9.6	-1.1	-0.1	-0.5
Transportation Equipment.....	19.9	20.0	20.6	-0.5	-0.1	-0.7
Motor Vehicle and Equipment....	10.5	10.6	11.4	-0.9	-0.1	-0.9
Aircraft and Parts.....	8.9	8.9	8.6	0.0	0.0	0.3
Instruments & Related Products..	2.5	2.6	2.6	-3.8	-0.1	-0.1
Nondurable Goods.....	60.0	61.5	61.8	-2.4	-1.5	-1.8
Food and Kindred Products.....	13.6	14.1	14.1	-3.5	-0.5	-0.5
Apparel & Other Textile Products	9.3	9.7	8.9	-4.1	-0.4	0.4
Paper and Allied Products.....	3.4	3.5	3.4	-2.9	-0.1	0.0
Printing and Publishing.....	11.0	11.3	11.6	-2.7	-0.3	-0.6
Newspapers & Periodicals.....	5.8	5.9	6.1	-1.7	-0.1	-0.3
Petroleum & Coal Products.....	7.0	7.2	7.3	-2.8	-0.2	-0.3
Petroleum Refining.....	6.3	6.5	6.6	-3.1	-0.2	-0.3
Rubber & Misc. Plastic Products.	11.3	11.5	11.9	-1.7	-0.2	-0.6
Tires & Inner Tubes.....	6.5	6.5	7.3	0.0	0.0	-0.8

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
(BY PLACE OF WORK)

INDUSTRY	Jan 1986p	Dec 1986r	Jan 1985r	Dec 86 Jan 87	Dec 86 Jan 87	Jan 86 Jan 87
(CONTINUED)						
TOTAL NONMANUFACTURING.....	1127.5	1,142.8	1,149.4	-1.3	-15.3	-21.9
Mining.....	53.3	53.1	61.7	0.4	0.2	-8.4
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	51.0	50.7	58.9	0.6	0.3	-7.9
Construction.....	38.2	39.7	40.1	-3.8	-1.5	-1.9
Heavy Construction Contractor....	8.6	8.6	9.1	0.0	0.0	-0.5
Transportation & Public Utilities.	63.3	63.4	64.6	-0.2	-0.1	-1.3
Transportation.....	34.6	34.5	33.5	0.3	0.1	1.1
Railroad Transportation.....	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trucking & Warehousing.....	16.5	16.4	16.9	0.6	0.1	-0.4
Pipe Lines, exc. natural gas....	1.7	1.7	1.8	0.0	0.0	-0.1
Communications, Elec-Gas-San Ser.	28.7	28.9	31.1	-0.7	-0.2	-2.4
Wholesale & Retail Trade.....	277.4	283.9	279.1	-2.3	-6.5	-1.7
Wholesale Trade.....	60.5	60.6	63.1	-0.2	-0.1	-2.6
Retail Trade.....	216.9	223.3	216.0	-2.9	-6.4	0.9
Retail Trade, exc., Eat.....	146.4	151.1	148.4	-3.1	-4.7	-2
General Merchandise Stores.....	30.4	32.6	30.0	-6.7	-2.2	0.4
Department Stores.....	12.3	13.0	12.3	-5.4	-0.7	0.0
Food Stores.....	38.0	38.3	39.8	-0.8	-0.3	-1.8
Automobile Dealers & Serv. Stat.	23.8	24.2	24.8	-1.7	-0.4	-1.0
Apparel & Accessory Stores.....	15.6	16.3	14.6	-4.3	-0.7	1.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate..	62.2	62.4	63.0	-0.3	-0.2	-0.8
Banking.....	20.5	20.6	21.7	-0.5	-0.1	-1.2
Credit Agencies other than Banks.	9.8	9.9	10.1	-1.0	-0.1	-0.3
Insurance Carriers.....	9.1	9.0	9.0	1.1	0.1	0.1
Services.....	222.2	224.7	220.1	-1.1	-2.5	2.1
Hotels & Other Lodging Places....	11.5	11.6	11.8	-0.9	-0.1	-0.3
Personal Services.....	13.3	12.9	12.4	3.1	0.4	0.9
Motion Pictures.....	1.4	1.5	1.3	-6.7	-0.1	0.1
Health Services.....	71.4	71.5	69.5	-0.1	-0.1	1.9
Hospitals.....	29.0	29.1	28.2	-0.3	-0.1	0.3
Educational Services.....	12.4	13.1	12.8	-5.3	-0.7	-0.4
Government, Total.....	253.0	256.0	252.6	-1.2	-3.0	0.4
Federal Government.....	52.9	53.6	52.3	-1.3	-0.7	0.6
State and Local Government.....	200.1	202.5	200.3	-1.2	-2.4	-0.2
State Government.....	68.5	70.9	70.1	-3.4	-2.4	-1.6
Local Government.....	131.6	131.6	130.2	0.0	0.0	1.4

*These estimates are adjusted to first quart r 1986 benchmark llevel EstEstimates include all full and part-time employees of nonagricultural establishments who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. p-preliminary -r-revised

AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS
OKLAHOMA INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION WORKERS

INDUSTRY	Production Workers Jan 1987p	Average Weekly Earnings Jan 1987p	Average Weekly Earnings Dec 1986r	Average Weekly Earnings Jan 1986r	Average Weekly Hours Jan 1987p	Average Weekly Hours Dec 1986r	Average Weekly Hours Jan 1986r	Average Hourly Earnings Jan 1987p	Average Hourly Earnings Dec 1986r	Average Hourly Earnings Jan 1986r
MANUFACTURING	110,800	396.59	414.39	416.66	40.1	41.9	41.5	9.89	9.89	10.04
DURABLE GOODS	71,300	418.59	440.96	439.74	40.6	42.4	42.0	10.31	10.40	10.47
STONE,CLAY & GLASS	8,500	437.18	451.19	424.36	41.4	43.3	40.3	10.56	10.42	10.53
PRIMARY METAL IND.	2,800	444.24	457.62	445.47	45.1	45.9	46.5	9.85	9.97	9.58
FABRICATED METAL IND.	10,300	355.67	370.47	359.50	39.3	40.4	39.9	9.05	9.17	9.01
FABRICATED STRUC. METALS	4,600	359.56	375.77	362.60	40.4	40.8	40.2	8.90	9.21	9.02
MACHINERY EXC. ELECTRICAL	21,100	392.76	439.90	413.27	41.3	44.3	42.3	9.51	9.93	9.77
OIL FIELD MACHINERY	3,200	412.13	425.66	418.61	37.5	40.5	40.8	10.99	10.51	10.26
ELEC. & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	6,300	413.18	453.11	415.31	38.4	41.8	40.4	10.76	10.84	10.28
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	16,100	512.40	513.08	606.38	40.0	40.4	44.1	12.81	12.70	13.75
INSTRUMENTS & RELATED PRODUCTS	1,600	449.34	475.04	445.95	44.8	46.3	45.0	10.03	10.26	9.91
NONDURABLE GOODS	39,500	357.63	370.31	373.01	39.3	41.1	40.5	9.10	9.01	9.21
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	8,100	291.90	312.64	340.23	41.7	41.3	41.9	7.00	7.57	8.12
APPAREL & OTHER TEXTILES	6,400	193.50	191.27	185.13	36.1	37.8	37.1	5.36	5.06	4.99
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	2,800	446.83	449.02	435.44	42.8	43.3	42.9	10.44	10.37	10.15
PRINTING & PUBLISHING	5,600	387.84	379.89	386.82	40.4	40.2	42.0	9.60	9.45	9.21
NEWSPAPER & PERIODICALS	2,000	378.86	387.83	354.93	37.4	38.9	37.4	10.13	9.97	9.49
PETROLEUM REFINING	4,100	481.04	482.00	541.16	38.7	40.1	41.5	12.43	12.02	13.04
NONMANUFACTURING										
OIL & GAS EXTRACTION	21,500	528.75	503.01	507.32	46.3	43.4	46.5	11.42	11.59	10.91
CONSTRUCTION	29,800	403.10	428.43	417.34	34.9	36.4	36.9	11.55	11.77	11.31
PUBLIC UTILITIES	23,100	553.01	514.59	494.09	44.1	41.6	40.9	12.54	12.37	12.11
WHOLESALE TRADE	47,200	361.17	368.32	365.43	38.3	39.1	39.0	9.43	9.42	9.37
RETAIL TRADE*	126,300	183.38	190.34	191.58	29.2	30.9	30.9	6.28	6.16	6.20

*Excludes eating and drinking establishments. p=preliminary r=revised
NOTE: Averages are for production or nonsupervisory workers only and cover both full and part-time employees. Overtime hours and pay are included and changes in the amount of overtime may affect these data. There are approximately 110,800, production workers in manufacturing. The data are revised to 1986 benchmark level. Above industries have been classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, 1972.
Source: Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, Research Department.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED*

ITEM	NUMBER			Percent Change	Absolute Change	
	Jan 1987	Dec 1986	Jan 1985	Dec 86 Jan 87	Dec 86 Jan 87	Jan 86 Jan 87
TOTAL BY INDUSTRY**.....	30,095	31,140	29,882	-3.4	-1045	213
MINING.....	3,425	4,042	3,374	-15.3	-617	51
CONSTRUCTION.....	5,700	5,165	6,227	10.4	535	-527
MANUFACTURING.....	6,187	6,651	6,261	-7.0	-464	-74
TRANSPORTATION & PUB UTIL...	1,169	1,225	1,303	-4.6	-56	-134
TRADE.....	5,083	5,243	4,700	-3.1	-160	383
FINANCE, INS & REAL EST.....	982	1,119	851	-12.2	-137	131
SERVICES.....	5,523	5,944	5,576	-7.1	-421	-53
GOVERNMENT & ALL OTHER.....	2,026	1,751	1,590	15.7	275	436
TOTAL BY OCCUPATION**.....	30,095	31,140	29,882	-3.4	-1045	213
PROFESSIONAL & MANAGERIAL...	3,982	4,376	3,710	-9.0	-394	272
CLERICAL & SALES.....	6,050	6,451	5,326	-6.2	-401	724
SERVICES.....	2,336	2,446	2,128	-4.5	-110	208
PROCESSING & AGRICULTURAL...	948	948	1,100	0.0	0	-152
MACHINE TRADES.....	2,150	2,139	2,064	0.5	11	86
BENCHWORK.....	2,243	2,087	1,581	7.5	156	662
STRUCTURAL WORK.....	6,826	6,512	6,965	4.8	314	-139
OTHER.....	5,560	6,181	7,008	-10.0	-621	-1448
DURATION OF CURRENT UNEMP						
TOTAL.....	30,095	31,140	29,882	-3.4	-1045	213
UNDER 5 WEEKS.....	11,082	10,132	11,274	9.4	950	-192
5 - 14 WEEKS.....	11,472	12,823	10,975	-10.5	-1351	497
15 WEEKS & OVER.....	7,541	8,185	7,633	-7.9	-644	-92
SEX, TOTAL.....	30,095	31,140	29,882	-3.4	-1045	213
MALE.....	19,857	20,236	20,451	-1.9	-379	-594
FEMALE.....	10,238	10,904	29,882	-6.1	-666	-19644
RACE, TOTAL.....	30,095	31,140	29,882	-3.4	-1045	213
WHITE.....	25,635	26,213	25,579	-2.2	-578	56
NONWHITE.....	4,460	4,927	4,303	-9.5	-467	157
AGE, TOTAL.....	30,095	31,140	29,882	-3.4	-1045	213
UNDER 25.....	3,594	4,952	4,160	-27.4	-1358	-566
25 - 44.....	18,799	18,969	18,469	-0.9	-170	330
OVER 45.....	7,702	7,219	7,253	6.7	483	449

* The Insured Unemployed are those unemployed persons who had worked for employers covered by Oklahoma Unemployment Insurance Laws, and who are eligible for unemployment compensation.

** Refers to industry and occupation involvement prior to unemployment.

DATA FOR WEEK ENDING JANUARY 24, 1987

LABOR FORCE DATA

MONTH: JANUARY 1987

	AREA	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	LABOR FORCE	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE JAN 87	DEC 86	JAN 86
	U.S.	109,084,000	8,620,000	117,704,000	7.3	6.3	7.3
	OKLAHOMA	1,431,600	131,600	1,563,200	8.4	7.9	7.3
	COUNTIES						
1	ADAIR	6,440	840	7,280	11.5	9.5	8.9
2	ALFALFA	3,150	170	3,320	5.1	4.9	4.1
3	ATOKA	7,390	810	8,200	9.9	8.0	8.5
4	BEAVER	2,460	110	2,570	4.3	4.0	3.5
5	BECKHAM	7,700	1,090	8,790	12.4	12.8	12.3
6	BLAINE	5,620	480	6,100	7.9	7.4	7.5
7	BRYAN	13,410	1,190	14,600	8.2	7.0	7.3
8	CADDO	11,630	1,320	12,950	10.2	10.0	10.6
9	CANADIAN	32,725	2,250	34,975	6.4	6.5	5.8
10	CARTER	19,925	2,300	22,225	10.3	10.1	6.6
11	CHEROKEE	14,130	1,700	15,830	10.7	9.4	10.4
12	CHOCTAW	4,910	1,120	6,030	18.6	16.0	15.0
13	CIMARRON	1,560	90	1,650	5.5	5.4	3.4
14	CLEVELAND	78,225	5,125	83,350	6.1	5.6	5.1
15	COAL	2,350	410	2,760	14.9	11.1	12.1
16	COMANCHE	45,400	2,475	47,875	5.2	5.3	4.8
17	COTTON	2,920	130	3,050	4.3	4.5	4.3
18	CRAIG	6,050	670	6,720	10.0	9.1	9.2
19	CREEK	26,950	3,675	30,625	12.0	10.9	9.4
20	CUSTER	12,400	1,020	13,420	7.6	6.9	5.8
21	DELAWARE	10,280	1,230	11,510	10.7	9.0	10.2
22	DEWEY	2,460	240	2,700	8.9	7.9	6.3
23	ELLIS	2,770	150	2,920	5.1	4.5	4.6
24	GARFIELD	27,450	2,625	30,075	8.7	8.0	6.2
25	GARVIN	11,450	1,360	12,810	10.6	10.3	7.1
26	GRADY	16,320	2,000	18,320	10.9	10.7	10.0
27	GRANT	2,960	170	3,130	5.4	5.2	3.9
28	GREER	2,570	180	2,750	6.5	4.5	5.0
29	HARMON	1,480	110	1,590	6.9	5.3	6.4
30	HARPER	2,190	120	2,310	5.2	4.2	5.2
31	HASKELL	3,770	770	4,540	17.0	14.8	16.5
32	HUGHES	4,580	970	5,550	17.5	17.3	15.5

LABOR FORCE DATA

MONTH: JANUARY 1987

	AREA	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	LABOR FORCE	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE JAN 87	DEC 86	JAN 86
33	JACKSON	10,990	820	11,810	6.9	6.8	6.5
34	JEFFERSON	3,350	400	3,750	10.7	9.9	8.9
35	JOHNSTON	3,760	320	4,080	7.8	7.3	8.2
36	KAY	24,500	2,125	26,625	8.0	7.3	7.1
37	KINGFISHER	6,360	600	6,960	8.6	8.5	5.9
38	KIOWA	5,220	310	5,530	5.6	5.3	5.9
39	LATIMER	4,230	600	4,830	12.4	11.5	12.8
40	LEFLORE	18,080	1,740	19,820	8.8	8.3	9.0
41	LINCOLN	11,470	1,440	12,910	11.2	10.7	9.7
42	LOGAN	13,330	840	14,170	5.9	5.4	5.4
43	LOVE	3,650	320	3,970	8.1	6.1	7.7
44	McCLAIN	10,550	800	11,350	7.0	8.2	6.6
45	McCURTAIN	13,540	1,860	15,400	12.1	11.3	10.0
46	McINTOSH	5,500	460	5,960	7.7	6.9	9.3
47	MAJOR	3,440	370	3,810	9.7	7.8	6.9
48	MARSHALL	3,900	440	4,340	10.1	8.1	10.7
49	MAYES	12,870	1,870	14,740	12.7	11.5	12.0
50	MURRAY	5,480	710	6,190	11.5	11.2	8.5
51	MUSKOGEE	29,800	3,050	32,850	9.3	8.5	10.5
52	NOBLE	4,990	380	5,370	7.1	6.9	5.4
53	NOWATA	3,850	550	4,400	12.5	11.7	10.9
54	OKFUSKEE	5,570	580	6,150	9.4	9.3	7.9
55	OKLAHOMA	306,125	21,000	327,125	6.4	6.4	5.9
56	OKMULGEE	15,775	1,850	17,625	10.5	9.6	9.1
57	OSAGE	16,475	1,575	18,050	8.7	7.1	7.0
58	OTTAWA	10,475	3,000	13,475	22.3	20.6	11.9
59	PAWNEE	7,520	1,000	8,520	11.7	10.3	8.3
60	PAYNE	32,000	1,900	33,900	5.6	5.1	4.1
61	PITTSBURG	16,675	2,100	18,775	11.2	10.4	13.0
62	PONTOTOC	16,180	1,540	17,720	8.7	8.1	6.2
63	POTTAWATOMIE	25,125	2,475	27,600	9.0	7.7	7.8
64	PUSHMATAHA	4,430	430	4,860	8.8	8.3	9.7
65	ROGER MILLS	1,730	230	1,960	11.7	12.1	11.0
66	ROGERS	22,720	2,680	25,400	10.6	9.8	8.9
67	SEMINOLE	10,100	1,690	11,790	14.3	12.9	9.8

LABOR FORCE DATA

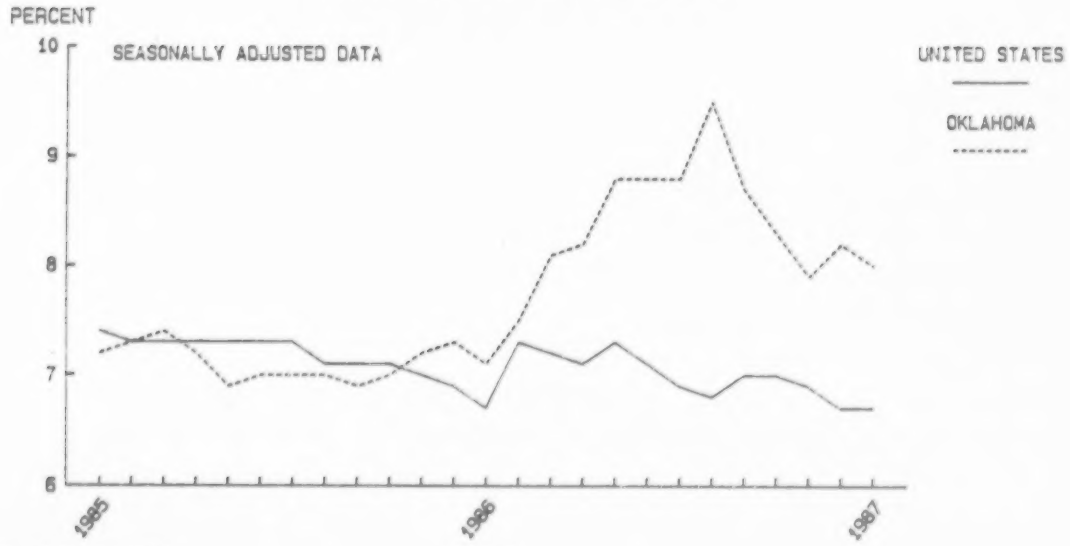
MONTH: JANUARY 1987

AREA	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	LABOR FORCE	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE JAN 87	DEC 86	JAN 86
68 SEQUOYAH	15,070	1,520	16,590	9.2	9.1	11.2
69 STEPHENS	17,180	2,860	20,040	14.3	13.4	7.6
70 TEXAS	8,690	540	9,230	5.9	5.2	4.1
71 TILLMAN	4,330	410	4,740	8.6	8.5	7.4
72 TULSA	239,350	21,475	260,825	8.2	8.0	7.5
73 WAGONER	19,650	1,850	21,500	8.6	7.8	6.9
74 WASHINGTON	23,390	1,910	25,300	7.5	6.9	6.4
75 WASHITA	5,890	710	6,600	10.8	7.9	7.0
76 WOODS	5,380	210	5,590	3.8	2.8	4.0
77 WOODWARD	8,980	1,260	10,240	12.3	10.9	9.1
OKLAHOMA CITY MSA	466,100	32,500	498,600	6.5	6.3	5.9
TULSA MSA	325,200	31,300	356,500	8.8	8.3	7.7

SERVICE DELIVERY AREAS

A. NORTHWEST	34,500	2,700	37,200	7.3
B. SOUTHWEST	48,000	4,500	52,500	8.6
C. NORTH CENTRAL	78,400	6,900	85,300	8.1
D. SOUTH CENTRAL	111,700	10,400	122,100	8.5
E. CENTRAL	363,100	24,500	387,600	6.3
F. TULSA	282,800	26,700	309,500	8.6
G. EAST CENTRAL	96,400	10,000	106,400	9.4
H. SOUTHERN	87,500	9,400	96,900	9.7
I. NORTHEAST	89,600	11,900	101,500	11.7
J. EASTERN	106,400	11,200	117,600	9.5
K. SOUTHEAST	65,600	8,600	74,200	11.6
L. CLEVELAND	67,300	4,700	72,000	6.5

COMPARISON OF UNEMPLOYMENT RATES UNITED STATES AND OKLAHOMA



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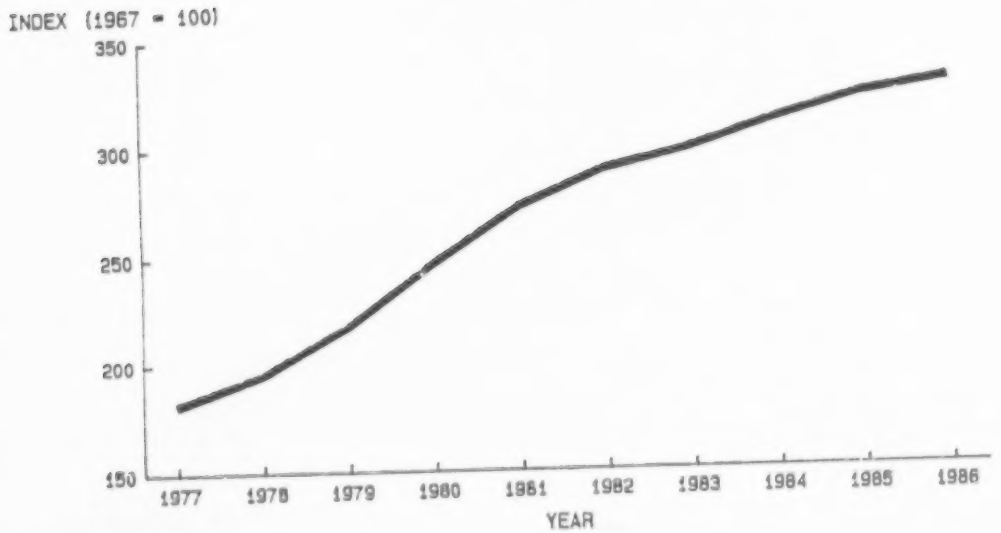
COMPARISONS OF UNEMPLOYMENT RATES UNITED STATES AND OKLAHOMA 1984-1986

MONTH	1985 UNADJ. U.S.	1985 UNADJ. OK	1985 ADJ. U.S.	1985 ADJ. OK	1986 UNADJ. U.S.	1986 UNADJ. OK	1986 ADJ. U.S.	1986 ADJ. OK	1987 UNADJ. U.S.	1987 UNADJ. OK	1987 ADJ. U.S.	1987 ADJ. OK	MONTH
JAN	8.0	7.7	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.5	6.7	7.1	7.3	8.4	6.7	8.0	JAN
FEB	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.3	7.8	8.0	7.3	7.5					FEB
MAR	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.5	8.1	7.2	8.1					MAR
APR	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.0	8.1	7.1	8.2					APR
MAY	7.0	6.9	7.3	6.9	7.0	8.6	7.3	8.8					MAY
JUN	7.5	7.1	7.3	7.0	7.3	9.0	7.1	8.8					JUN
JUL	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.0	7.0	8.8	6.9	8.8					JUL
AUG	6.9	6.8	7.1	7.0	6.7	9.3	6.8	9.5					AUG
SEP	6.9	6.6	7.1	6.9	6.8	8.3	7.0	8.7					SEP
OCT	6.8	6.7	7.1	7.0	6.6	8.0	7.0	8.3					OCT
NOV	6.7	7.1	7.0	7.2	6.6	7.8	6.9	7.9					NOV
DEC	6.7	7.1	6.9	7.3	6.3	7.9	6.7	8.2					DEC
AVE	7.2	7.1	--	--	7.0	8.2	--	--			--	--	AVE

Rates are based on Civilian Labor Force. Seasonally adjusted series for U.S. and Oklahoma are revised.
The rates shown for Oklahoma are revised to a 1986 Current Population Survey (CPS) Benchmark, as established by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, Research Department.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
UNITED STATES
1977-1986



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS
1967=100

ANNUAL YEAR	ANNUAL INDEX	MONTH	MONTH 1986	MONTH 1987	PERCENT CHANGE PREV. YR.	PERCENT CHANGE PREV. MO.
1975	161.2	JAN	328.4	333.1	1.4	0.6
1976	170.5	FEB	327.5			
1977	181.5	MAR	326.0			
1978	195.4	APR	325.3			
1979	217.4	MAY	326.3			
1980	246.8	JUN	327.9			
1981	272.4	JUL	328.0			
1982	289.1	AUG	328.6			
1983	298.4	SEP	330.2			
1984	311.1	OCT	330.5			
1985	322.2	NOV	330.8			
1986	328.4	DEC	331.1			

The Consumer Price Index is a widely watched national indicator of inflation. It is a measure of change, over time, in the prices of goods and services in major expenditure groups typically purchased by urban consumers. It measures the change in prices by comparing what a sample "market basket" of goods and services costs today with what the same sample market basket" cost at an earlier date. For more detailed information on the various items or indices call Research Department (405) 557-7104.

Please send comments, questions or address changes to: Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, Research Department, Room 310, Will Rogers Building, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105. Phone (405) 557-7260.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OKLAHOMA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
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2401 NORTH LINCOLN BLVD
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73105-4495

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